

Quiz Chap. 2 & 3 Aug 29

1. The plaintiff's complaint has three parts:
[a] _____;
[b] _____; and
[c] _____.

2. If the parties to a dispute are seeking a private resolution of that dispute with the aid of a neutral third party, then they might be engaged in
[d] _____ or the might be engaged in
[e] _____ but, they are not likely to be engaged in
[f] _____.

3. A trial court focuses upon questions of
[g] _____;
in contrast an appellate court focuses upon questions of
[h] _____.

4. At a minimum, discovery involves the use of
[i] _____, or
[j] _____, or both.

Quiz Chap. 4 Sep 5

1. Due process of law comes in two forms:
[a] _____ due process, and
[b] _____ due process of law.

2. The individual USA State's power to regulate the local actions of business is the
[c] _____ Power.
To regulate the interstate aspects of business the federal government uses the
[d] _____ Clause power
as this is one of the enumerate powers of the federal government.

3. Sometimes, but far from always, the federal government has the power to
[e] _____ the laws of the State governments';
this federal power is common name for an express power found in the
[f] _____ Clause of the USA *Constitution*.

4. The federal government only those powers granted to it in the USA *Constitution*; whereas the State governments have all governmental powers except those [i] granted by the States to the federal government, or [ii] taken away from the States by the States in the USA *Constriction*, or [iii] taken away from the States by their People in the State's *Constitution*. A major example of [i] is the Article I, section 8, clause 3 grant in the [g] _____ Clause; and a major example of [ii] is the Amendment XIV [h] _____ Clause.

Quiz September 10: Chapter 52

1. A _____ is an agreement or contract between two or more nations that must be authorized and ratified by the supreme power of each nation.
In the USA the _____ negotiates it and then must obtain the 2/3rds approval of the _____ for it.
2. The USA *Constitution's* Article IV, section 1's Full Faith and Credit clause is the domestic version of _____ between two USA States as each defers and gives effect to the laws and judicial decrees of sister States.
3. The _____ of _____ Doctrine is a judicially created doctrine that provides that the judicial branch of one country will not examine the validity of public acts committed by a recognized foreign government within its own territory.
4. The USA *Constitution's* Amendment XI is an example of the Doctrine of _____. Under Amendment IX a USA State is exempt from suit within the courts of another USA States or suit within courts of the USA federal government.
5. The USA legal system (other than Louisiana) is a common law system wherein the judiciary develops precedence via cases of first impression. Many other countries use a code law system as known as _____ law system) wherein only the legislature enacts into law an ordered grouping of legal principles.